Manhattan Family Support Services Advisory Council Resources for Children – 5/7/14 Clara Berg



New York Deaf-Blind Collaborative

Story listening VS. Storytelling

KENNY



KENNY'S MILESTONES



HOLDING HEAD AT 1

TURNING AT 1 ¹/₂

SITTING AT 2

CRAWLING 2 1/2

FLOATING IN POOL AT 2 1/2

WALKING AT 3

EATING SOLID FOODS AT 3 ¹/₂

TOILET TRAINED AT 8





EDUCATION & WORK

School struggles & challenges

State Deaf-Blind Project



PERSON CENTERED PLANNING

- Life changing experience
- Completely different behavioral approach
- Visualizing a Dream
- Creating an Action Plan
- Getting ready for Transition



ATTHE FARM

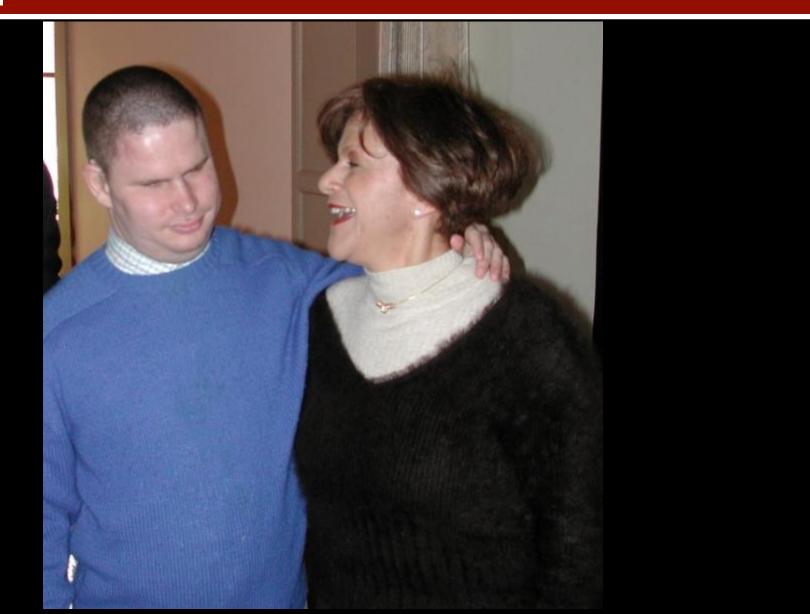








My teacher KENNY



How many times did have to tell my story?



 $\mathbf{C}\mathbf{O}$

STORY IN 3 MINUTES - OPWDD

It's time for Kenny to move into his own place
 Research and resources
 Agency involvement

Suggested solution
 Personnel training
 Elements to succeed
 Establishing a deadline
 Details

Thanks & open for questions



"Stories help us connect. They reveal the details, the impact of the system on the daily lives of families and children. Stories can spur change in systems. They can clarify disagreements."

~ggabbard@fcsn.org





Public speaking *is* a set of skills not a talent!

- A good presenter is one who learns the skill of presenting.
- A great speaker is one who learns from every presentation they deliver!

http://members.porchlight.ca/gtorok/index.htm



Why am I doing this?



Who am I going to talk to?

What do I have to share or do I need?

How will he/they benefit?



Why am I delivering this presentation?

Answer the question before you sit down to write your speech.

~http://members.porchlight.ca/gtorok/index.htm





Why is this important?

What message is so important that I must take *THEIR* time to speak to them?

~http://members.porchlight.ca/gtorok/index.htm







"The hardest part for the interviewee may be to leave out the details.

The hardest thing for you is listening to the description of unnecessary details".

Information on this page in part from <u>http://members.porchlight.ca/gtorok/index.htm</u>



Identify Your Audience

Your audience is the reason you are there. If you want to reach them with your presentation, you must reach them through *THEIR* needs. You change people's minds by figuring out what is important to them!



Audience continued

BYTHE END OF MY PRESENTATION

- What do I want them to have learned?
- What do I want them to feel?
- What do I want them to do?

Information on this page in part from http://members.porchlight.ca/gtorok/index.htm





Introduction – Middle – End

- Stay on the topic and present the story clearly
- Use pictures to engage your audience
- Project your voice
- Control your emotions
- Smile
- Use of hand gestures if necessary
- Strengthen your conclusion



Consider writing your speech backwards

- Write the closing line that hammers home your message, then write the points to support that closing line.
- Then write your opening that launches you into the presentation. It could be simple: "This morning I'm going to talk about...
- If the material is relevant to their needs, tell them why!



SUMMARIZE

Summarize your draft into points to write on overheads and/or cards.

- Number your cards, you may drop them.
- Do not write detailed cue cards, chances are you will not find the words you are looking for amongst all the other text.
- Write keywords, phrases/sketches.
- Recheck to see if the story is consistent & flows smoothly.

http.porchlight.ca/gtorok/index.htm



"How well we communicate is determined not by how well we say things, but by how well we are understood."

~ Andy Grove; Co-Founder, Intel

Practice, Practice, Practice

- To yourself (out loud)
- With a friend, relative, or colleague
 Listen for your "you guys", "um's" and "you know what I mean?" All of these can take away from the message you are trying to send.

http.porchlight.ca/gtorok/index.htm



People are inundated with information. The best way to get their attention, and then to keep their attention is to:

Keep It Simple, Speaker (KISS)

~Iowa Department of Education Parents as Presenters Workshop





Questions

Be open to questions!

 If someone raises a hand, or asks a question in the middle of your talk, answer it. If you can't answer it, turn the question back out to the audience and let someone else answer it. Questions are good. They show that the audience is listening with interest. They should not be regarded as an attack on you, but as a collaborative search for deeper understanding.





"Finish early. Your audience will be amazed, thrilled, delighted, and thankful."

~Edward Tufte Professor Emeritus Yale University



We asked the professionals....

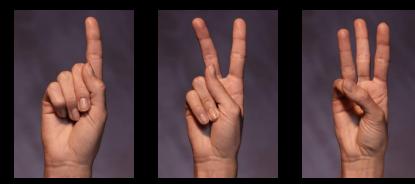


Dealing with families

Name 3 things that make you

uncomfortable as you interview/ask

parents to tell you their story





POSSIBLE ANSWERS

- They go on and on
- They have unrealistic expectations
- They don't know why they are in your office
- They don't know how to describe problem
- They talk about other issues not related to visit
- They get distracted
- They don't provide appropriate documentation
- They feels intimidated/nervous
- They don't remember medical dates (surgery, hospital stays, injuries, etc.) or procedures
- They speak to someone and don't remember name or agency



We suggested to the professionals to ask themselves these questions



SHUT UP AND LISTEN



- In our role as professionals:
 - Are we patronizing or paternalistic?
 - Are we trying to motivate or tell them what to do?
 - Do we take time to understand their issues?
 - Do we take the time to make sure they understand us?

Please watch:

http://www.ted.com/talks/ernesto_sirolli_want_ to_help_someone_shut_up_and_listen.html?so urce=facebook#.USqonIC6_7E.facebook



FINNISHING MY STORY

□ It only took us 14 years to get Kenny into his own apartment in Queens, walking distance to the farm where he works and 10 minutes away from our home □ I moved in with Kenny for the first 6 months to make sure he could navigate the apartment independently, get our perfumes, cooking aromas in the air and let him feel our presence in his home



FINNISHING MY STORY

The couple living with Kenny took American Sign Language (ASL) classes and Orientation and Mobility (O&M) plus other ADL classes appropriate for individuals who are deaf-blind Kenny spends most weekends with us and

Kenny spends most weekends with us and has no issues going back and forth from our home to his. Thank you for participating. For more information Contact

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New York Deaf-Blind Collaborative